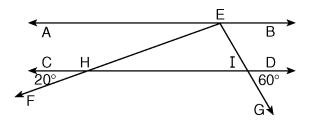
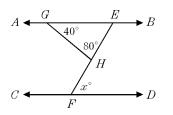
1. In the accompanying diagram, $\overrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overrightarrow{CD}$. From point *E* on \overrightarrow{AB} transversals \overrightarrow{EF} and \overrightarrow{EG} are drawn, intersecting \overrightarrow{CD} at *H* and *I*, respectively.



If $m \angle CHF = 20$ and $m \angle DIG = 60$, what is $m \angle HEI$?

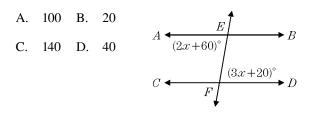
A. 60° B. 80° C. 100° D. 120°

2. In the accompanying diagram, $\overrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overrightarrow{CD}$, \overrightarrow{EF} intersects \overrightarrow{AB} at *E* and \overrightarrow{CD} at *F*, and \overrightarrow{GH} intersects \overrightarrow{AB} at *G* and \overrightarrow{EF} at *H*. If $m \angle EGH = 40$, $m \angle GHE = 80$, and $m \angle EFD = x$, what is the value of *x*?

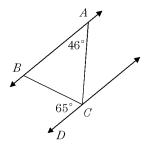


Date:

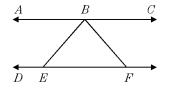
3. In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{AB} is parallel to \overrightarrow{CD} , and \overrightarrow{EF} is a transversal. If $m \angle BEF = 2x + 60$ and $m \angle DFE = 3x + 20$, what is $m \angle BEF$?



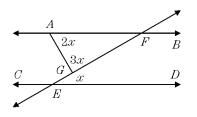
4. In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{AB} is a parallel to \overrightarrow{CD} , $m \angle BAC = 46$, and $m \angle BCD = 65$. Find the measure of $\angle ACB$.



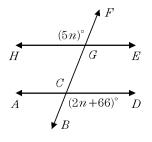
5. In the accompanying diagram, $\overline{ABC} \parallel \overline{DEF}$ and $\overline{BE} \cong \overline{BF}$. If $m \angle CBF = 40$, find $m \angle BED$.



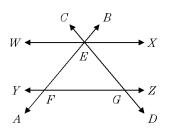
6. In the accompanying figure, \overrightarrow{EGF} intersects \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} , and \overrightarrow{AG} is drawn. If $\overrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overrightarrow{CD}$, $m \angle FED = x$, $m \angle GAF = 2x$, and $m \angle FGA = 3x$, find x.



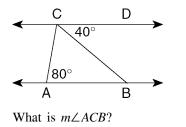
7. In the accompanying diagram, parallel lines \overrightarrow{HE} and \overrightarrow{AD} are cut by transversal \overrightarrow{BF} at points *G* and *C*, respectively. If $m \angle HGF = 5n$ and $m \angle BCD = 2n + 66$, find *n*.



8. In the accompanying figure, $\overrightarrow{WX} \parallel \overrightarrow{YZ}$; \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} intersect \overrightarrow{WX} at *E* and \overrightarrow{YZ} at *F* and *G*, respectively. If $m \angle CEW = m \angle BEX = 50$, find $m \angle EGF$.

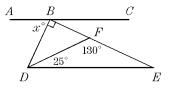


9. In the accompanying diagram, $\overrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overrightarrow{CD}$, $m \angle CAB = 80$, and $m \angle DCB = 40$.

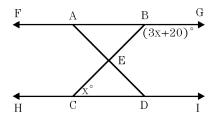


A. 40 B. 60 C. 80 D. 120

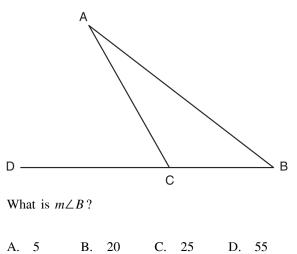
10. In the accompanying diagram, $\overline{ABC} \parallel \overline{DE}$, $m \angle FDE = 25$, $m \angle DFE = 130$, and $m \angle ABD = x$. What is the value of x?



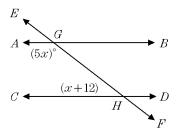
11. In the accompanying diagram, $\overrightarrow{FABG} \parallel \overrightarrow{HCDI}, \overrightarrow{BC}$ and \overrightarrow{AD} intersect at $E, m \angle GBE = 3x + 20$, and $m \angle ECD = x$. What is the value of x?



12. In the diagram below of $\triangle ABC$, side \overline{BC} is extended to point D, $m \angle A = x$, $m \angle B = 2x + 15$, and $m \angle ACD = 5x + 5$.

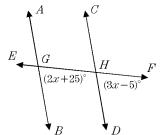


14. In the accompanying diagram, parallel lines \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} are intersected by \overleftarrow{EF} at *G* and *H*, respectively. If $m \angle AGH = 5x$ and $m \angle CHG = x + 12$, find the value of *x*.



and \overrightarrow{CD} are intersected by transversal \overrightarrow{EF} at points G and H, respectively. If $m \angle FGB = 2x + 25$ and $m \angle FHD = 3x - 5$, find x.

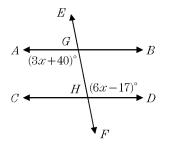
15. In the accompanying diagram, parallel lines \overrightarrow{AB}



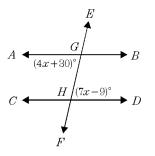
13. In the accompanying diagram, $\overrightarrow{AGB} \parallel \overrightarrow{CED}$, $m \angle AGF = 30$, and $m \angle CEF = 45$. What is $m \angle GFE$?

A.	45	B.	52		G		
				A	F	B	
C.	60	D.	75				
					\		
					E	D	

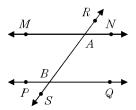
16. In the accompanying diagram, transversal \overrightarrow{EF} intersects parallel lines \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} at G and H, respectively. If $m \angle AGH = 3x + 40$, and $m \angle GHD = 6x - 17$, what is the value of x?



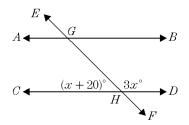
18. In the accompanying diagram, parallel lines \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} are intersected by transversal \overrightarrow{EF} at *G* and *H*, respectively. If $m \angle AGH = 4x + 30$ and $m \angle GHD = 7x - 9$, what is the value of x?



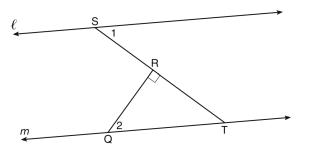
17. In the accompanying diagram, transversal \overrightarrow{RS} intersects parallel lines \overrightarrow{MN} and \overrightarrow{PQ} at *A* and *B*, respectively. If $m \angle RAN = 3x + 24$ and $m \angle RBQ = 7x - 16$, find the value of *x*.

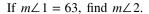


19. In the accompanying diagram, parallel lines \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} are intersected by transversal \overrightarrow{EF} at G and H respectively. If $m \angle CHG = x + 20$ and $m \angle DHG = 3x$, find the value of x.

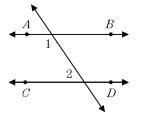


20. In the diagram below, $\ell \parallel m$ and $\overline{QR} \perp \overline{ST}$ at R.

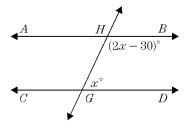




22. In the accompanying diagram, $\overrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overrightarrow{CD}$. If $m \angle 1 = 4x - 10$ and $m \angle 2 = 2x - 20$, find x.



21. In the accompanying diagram, transversal \overleftrightarrow{GH} intersects parallel lines \overleftrightarrow{AB} and \overleftrightarrow{CD} , $m \angle DGH = x$, and $m \angle BHG = 2x - 30$. Find the value of x.



- 23. In $\triangle ABC$, $m \angle A = 3x + 1$, $m \angle B = 4x 17$, and $m \angle C = 5x 20$. Which type of triangle is $\triangle ABC$?
 - A. right B. scalene
 - C. isosceles D. equilateral

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MP 4 warm up 1 on Angles 4/13/2018

		 unin up i on i		_010
1. Answer:	С		21. Answer:	70
2. Answer:	60		22. Answer:	35
3. Answer:	А		23. Answer:	С
4. Answer:	69			
5. Answer:	140			
6. Answer:	30			
7. Answer:	22			
8. Answer:	50			
9. Answer:	В			
10. Answer:	65			
11. Answer:	40			
12. Answer:	С			
13. Answer:	D			
14. Answer:	28			
15. Answer:	30			
16. Answer:	19			
17. Answer:	10			
18. Answer:	13			
19. Answer:	40			
20. Answer:	27			