1. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram below, which shows part of a landscape region. Letter *A* indicates a steep cliff formed at the edge of the surface rock layer.



In which type of landscape region is this area located?

1) plateau	2) plain 3) mountain	4) alluvial fan		
2. In New York State, both the Delaware River and the Susquehanna River flow over landscapes classified as		9. Which cross section best represents the general bedrock structure of New York State's Allegheny Plateau?		
<ol> <li>mountain regions</li> <li>coastal plains</li> <li>The generalized landscap according to</li> </ol>	<ul><li>3) lowlands</li><li>4) plateaus</li><li>be regions of New York State are class</li></ul>	fied 1) 3)		
<ol> <li>bedrock structure and elevation</li> <li>bedrock type and index fossils</li> <li>latitude and longitude</li> <li>climate and topography</li> </ol>				
4. New York State's Catskills are classified as which type of landscape		cape 10. Which type of electromagnetic energy has the longest wavelength?		
1) mountain	2) lowland	2) radio wave radiation 4) x-ray radiation		
2) plateau	4) plain	11. Which color of the visible spectrum has the <i>shortest</i> wavelength?		
5. In which New York State landscape region is most of the surface bedrock composed of metamorphic rock?		e 1) violet 2) blue 3) yellow 4) red 12. What is the basic difference between ultraviolet, visible, and		
1) Adirondacks	3) Erie-Ontario Lowlands	infrared radiation?		
2) Catskills	4) Newark Lowlands	1) half-life 3) wavelength		
6. Which New York State river flows generally southward?		2) temperature 4) wave velocity		
<ol> <li>St. Lawrence River</li> <li>Niagara River</li> </ol>	<ul><li>3) Genesee River</li><li>4) Hudson River</li></ul>	13. When electromagnetic energy travels from air into water, the waves are bent due to the density differences between the air and water. This bending is called		
. Which two locations are in the same New York State landscape region?		1) reflection     3) scattering       2) reflection     4) chaoration		
1) Albany and Old Forg	e	14. Which statement about electromagnetic energy is correct?		
<ol> <li>Massena and Mt. Marcy</li> <li>Binghamton and New York City</li> <li>Jamestown and Ithaca</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>Violet light has a longer wavelength than red light.</li> <li>X-rays have a longer wavelength than infrared waves.</li> <li>Radar waves have a shorter wavelength than ultraviolet rays.</li> <li>Gamma rays have a shorter wavelength than visible light.</li> </ol>		
8. Which type of rock is most commonly found as an outcrop in the Allegheny Plateau in New York State?				
<ol> <li>sandstone</li> <li>gneiss</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>basalt</li> <li>slate</li> </ol>	15. Changing the shingles on the roof of a house to a lighter color will most likely reduce the amount of solar energy that is		
		1) scattered3) reflected2) absorbed4) refracted		

- 16. What happens to most of the sunlight that strikes a dark-colored area of the Earth's surface?
  - 1) It is reflected and scattered as potential energy.
  - 2) It is reflected and diffused as ultraviolet radiation.
  - 3) It is absorbed and reflected as light.
  - 4) It is absorbed and reradiated as heat.
- 17. Most of the solar radiation absorbed by Earth's surface is later radiated back into space as which type of electromagnetic radiation?

1) x rav	3	) infrared
1) A 10y	5	<i>i</i> minarcu

- 2) ultraviolet 4) radio wave
- 18. Scientists are concerned about the decrease in ozone in the upper atmosphere primarily because ozone protects life on Earth by absorbing certain wavelengths of
  - 1) x-ray radiation 3) infrared radiation
  - 4) microwave radiation 2) ultraviolet radiation
- 19. The diagram below shows the types of electromagnetic energy given off by the Sun. The shaded part of the diagram shows the approximate amount of each type actually reaching Earth's surface.

e						
Percentage Reaching trth's Surfa	Gamma rays	X rays	Ultra- violet	Visible	Infrared	Radio waves
— ш						

Which conclusion is best supported by the diagram?

- 1) All types of electromagnetic energy reach Earth's surface.
- 2) Gamma rays and x-rays make up the greatest amount of electromagnetic energy reaching Earth's surface.
- 3) Visible light makes up the greatest amount of electromagnetic energy reaching Earth's surface.
- 4) Ultraviolet and infrared radiation make up the greatest amount of electromagnetic energy reaching Earth's surface.
- 20. Energy is transferred from the Sun to Earth mainly by
  - 1) molecular collisions 3) electromagnetic waves
  - 2) density currents 4) red shifts
- 21. The diagram below shows a solid iron bar that is being heated in a flame



The primary method of heat transfer in the solid iron bar is

1)	convection	3)	absorption

- 2) conduction
- 4) advection

22. The cross section below shows two compartments of water of equal volume insulated by Styrofoam and separated by a metal dividing wall, forming a closed energy system.



When the temperature of the water in compartment A decreases by 10°C, the temperature of the water in compartment B will

- 1) remain unchanged
- 2) decrease by only 5°C
- 3) decrease by approximately 10°C
- 4) increase by approximately 10°C
- 23. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram below. The diagram shows the pattern of air movement within a closed room.



What color should the heat source in the room be painted in order to radiate the most heat?

- 1) red 2) black 3) green 4) silver
- 24. Water vapor crystallizes in the atmosphere to form snowflakes. Which statement best describes the exchange of heat energy during this process?
  - 1) Heat energy is transferred from the atmosphere to the water vapor.
  - 2) Heat energy is released from the water vapor into the atmosphere.
  - 3) Heat energy is transferred equally to and from the water vapor.
  - 4) No heat energy is exchanged between the atmosphere and the water vapor.

25. Base your answer to the following question on the cross section below and on your knowledge of Earth science. The cross section shows the general movement of air within a portion of Earth's atmosphere located between 30° N and 30° S latitude. Numbers 1 and 2 represent different locations in the atmosphere.



4) carbon dioxide

2) oxygen

<sup>4)</sup> evaporate, causing the wet-bulb temperature to be equal to the air temperature

36. The diagram below represents the path of visible light as it travels from air to water to air through a glass container of water.



The light did not travel in a straight line because of

- 1) convection 3) absorption
- 4) refraction 2) scattering
- 37. The arrows in the block diagram below show the movement of water after it has fallen as precipitation.



Which arrow indicates the process of transpiration?

2) 2 3) 3 4) 4 1) 1

- 38. A container of water is placed in an open outdoor area so that the evaporation rate can be observed. The water will most likely evaporate fastest when the weather is
  - 1) cool, humid, and windy 3) warm, humid, and calm
  - 2) cool, dry, and calm 4) warm, dry, and windy
- 39. Which graph best represents the relationship between the moisture-holding capacity (ability to hold moisture) of the atmosphere and atmospheric temperature?



40. All of the containers shown below contain the same volume of water and are at room temperature. In a two-day period, from which container will the *least* amount of water evaporate?



- 41. Liquid water will continue to evaporate from the Earth's surface, increasing the amount of atmospheric water vapor, until
  - 1) transpiration occurs
  - 2) the relative humidity falls below 50%
  - 3) the atmosphere becomes saturated
  - 4) the temperature of the atmosphere becomes greater than the dewpoint temperature
- 42. When a person leaves the ocean after swimming on a windy day, the person usually feels cold because
  - 1) water evaporates from the skin
  - 2) water condenses on the skin
  - 3) salt is absorbed through the skin
  - 4) radiation is absorbed through the skin
- 43. On a cold winter day, the air temperature is 2°C and the wet-bulb temperature is -1°C. What is the relative humidity at this location?
  - 1) 6% 2) 37% 3) 51% 4) 83%
- 44. The graph below shows the average concentration of ozone in Earth's atmosphere over Arizona during 4 months of the year.



Which layer of Earth's atmosphere contains the greatest concentration of ozone?

- 1) troposphere 3) mesosphere
- 2) stratosphere 4) thermosphere
- 45. Which weather instrument has most improved the accuracy of weather forecasts over the past 40 years?
  - 1) thermometer 3) weather satellite
  - 2) sling psychrometer
- 4) weather balloon

- 46. Why do most clouds form in the troposphere?
  - 1) Air pressure rises with increasing altitude.
  - 2) The dewpoint is too high in the other layers of the atmosphere.
  - 3) The other layers of the atmosphere are too cold to contain water.
  - 4) The lowest 11 km of the atmosphere contains almost all of the atmospheric water vapor.
- 47. Which circle graph best represents the volume of gases in the troposphere?



48. Which graph best represents the relationship between air temperature and elevation in the troposphere?



49. Data from two weather instruments have been recorded on the graph below. Line *A* on the graph represents air-temperature data. Line *B* was plotted using the scale for variable *B*.



Line *B* on the graph represents data from which weather instrument?

- 1) thermometer 3) psychrometer
- 2) barometer 4) anemometer
- 50. Daily weather forecasts are based primarily on
  - 1) ocean currents 3) phases of the Moon
  - 2) seismic data
- air-mass movements

- 51. Which list correctly matches each instrument with the weather variable it measures?
  - wind vane—wind speed thermometer—temperature precipitation gauge—relative humidity
  - 2) wind vane—wind direction thermometer—dewpoint psychrometer—air pressure
  - barometer—relative humidity anemometer—cloud cover precipitation gauge—probability of precipitation
  - barometer—air pressure anemometer—wind speed psychrometer—relative humidity
- 52. Which weather change is most likely indicated by rapidly falling air pressure?
  - 1) Humidity is decreasing.
  - 2) Temperature is decreasing.
  - 3) Skies are clearing.
  - 4) A storm is approaching.
- 53. Weather-station measurements indicate that the dewpoint temperature and air temperature are getting farther apart and that air pressure is rising. Which type of weather is most likely arriving at the station?
  - 1) a snowstorm
- 3) cool, dry air
- 2) a warm front4) maritime tropical air
- 54. The map below shows high-pressure and low-pressure weather systems in the United States.



Which two lettered positions on the map are most likely receiving precipitation?

1) A and B 2) B and D 3) C and E 4) A and D

- 55. Which weather conditions are most probable when the moisture content of the air increases, resulting in a lower atmospheric pressure?
  - 1) sunny and fair
  - 2) cold and windy
  - 3) partly cloudy, with skies becoming clear
  - 4) cloudy, with a chance of precipitation

56. Which map below shows the most likely storm track for a hurricane in the Atlantic Ocean?



65. Base your answer to the following question on the weather map below, which shows a storm system centered near the Great Lakes. Letters *A* through *D* represent weather stations shown on the map.



What weather conditions are shown at location D?

- 1) cloudy skies with light snow
- 2) cloudy skies with freezing rain

- 3) saturated air with no precipitation
- 4) partly cloudy skies with rain showers

66. The weather map below shows isobars labeled in millibars. Points A, B, C, and D are locations on Earth's surface.



Which location was probably experiencing the highest wind speed?

1) A 2) B 3) C 4) D

Base your answers to questions  $\mathbf{67}$  through  $\mathbf{70}$  on

the weather map below, which shows the locations of a high-pressure center (H) and a low-pressure center (L) over a portion of North America. The isolines indicate surface air pressures.



67. The arrows on which map show the most likely path in which these two pressure centers will move over the next few days?



68. The arrows on which map best show the pattern of surface winds around these two pressure centers?



69. Which map shows the most likely location of clouds associated with these pressure centers?



70. The data used to construct the isolines on this map were recorded in which units?







72. An instrument used to measure a weather variable is shown below.



Which weather variable is measured by this instrument?

- 1) wind direction 3) wind speed
- 2) air pressure
- 4) amount of rainfall

73. The diagram below shows a weather instrument found at most weather stations.



The main function of this instrument is to measure which weather variable?

1) wind speed

4) meters

- 3) air pressure
- 2) wind direction 4) relative humidity
- 74. The station model below shows several weather variables recorded at a particular location.



What was the most likely dewpoint at this location?

4) 70°F 1) 32°F 2) 40°F 3) 61°F

Base your answers to questions **75** and **76** on the weather map below, which represents a low-pressure system over New York State. The L on the map represents the center of the low-pressure system. Two fronts extend from the center of the low, and are labeled front 1 and front 2. Cloud cover has been omitted from the station models.



75. Which map best represents the type of fronts and direction of movement of these fronts in relation to the low-pressure center?



76. The arrows on which map best represent the surface wind pattern around this low-pressure center?



77. Which station model shows a wind direction from the southeast?



78. The maps below labeled *A*, *B*, and *C*, show three different stream drainage patterns.



Which factor is primarily responsible for causing these three different drainage patterns?

- 1) amount of precipitation 3
- 2) bedrock structure
- 3) stream discharge
- 4) prevailing winds

Base your answers to questions **79** and **80** on the weather map below, which shows a low-pressure system over the eastern United States. Letters *A* through *D* represent weather stations.



79. Surface winds within this low-pressure system most likely are flowing

- 1) toward the center in a clockwise pattern
- 3) away from the center in a clockwise pattern
- 2) toward the c enter in a counterclockwise pattern 4) away from the center in a counterclockwise pattern

80. Which weather instrument was used to measure wind speed at station D?

1) barometer2) thermometer3) psychrometer4) anemometer

Base your answers to questions 81 through 83 on on the station models below, which show various weather conditions recorded at the same time on the same day at four different cities.



84. Weather station models for three New York State cities on the same day at the same time are shown below.



Which map shows the front that was most likely passing through Rochester at that time?

1) 2) 3) 4) S

85. Which diagram represents a plateau landscape?



86. The block diagram below shows a landscape region.



Which stream drainage pattern would most likely develop at the surface of this region?



87. The map below shows a stream drainage pattern. Arrows show the direction of stream flow.



On which landscape region did this drainage pattern most likely develop?



88. The block diagrams below show two landscape regions labeled A and B.



What is the most probable cause of the difference in surface features between *A* and *B*?

- 1) *A* is the result of a humid climate, while *B* is the result of a dry climate.
- 2) *A* is at a high elevation, while *B* is located at sea level.
- 3) A is a plateau region, while B is a mountainous region.
- 4) *A* is composed of igneous bedrock, while *B* is composed of sedimentary bedrock.

89. The diagram below shows a cross section of a portion of Earth's crust. Altitude is shown in meters above sea level.



This landscape region is best classified as an eroded

- 1) plain 3) domed mountain
- 2) plateau 4) folded lowland
- 90. The diagram below represents a cross section of the bedrock and land surface in part of Tennessee. The dotted lines indicate missing rock layers.



Which statement is best supported by the diagram?

- 1) Rocks are weathered and eroded evenly.
- 2) Folded rocks are more easily weathered and eroded.
- 3) Deposits of sediments provide evidence of erosion.
- 4) Climate differences affect the amount of erosion.

91. The cross section below shows sedimentary bedrock layers *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D* exposed at Earth's surface.



Which layer appears to be the *least* resistant to weathering?

1) A 2) B 3) C 4) D

## Answer Key

## term 4 2014 practice

1.	1	42.	_1	83.	2
2.	4	43.	3	84.	2
3.	1	44.	2	85.	2
4.	2	45.	3	86.	1
5.	1	46.		87.	3
6.	4	47.	_1	88.	1
7.	4	48.	1	89.	2
8.	1	49.	2	90.	2
9.	2	50.		91.	1
10.	2	51.			
11.	1	52.			
12.	3	53.	3		
13.	2	54.	2		
14.	4	55.			
15.	2	56.			
16.	4	57.	_1		
17.	3	58.			
18.	2	59.			
19.	3	60.	3		
20.	3	61.			
21.	2	62.			
22.	4	63.			
23.	2	64.			
24.	2	65.	2		
25.	4	66.	2		
26.	3	67.	4		
27.	3	68.	1		
28.	3	69.	2		
29.	4	70.	2		
30.	3	71.			
31.	2	72.	3		
32.	3	73.			
33.	3	74.	3		
34.	3	75.			
35.	3	76.	3		
36.	4	77.			
37.	2	78.			
38.	4	79.			
39.	2	80.			
40.	1	81.			
41.	3	82.	1		